

The social dimension and access: Where next ?

The Bologna Process in the final lap

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Social dimension within the Bologna process

Working group on social dimension

Recommendations

National "homework"



Social Dimension within Bologna

Prag 2001

 Students should participate in and influence the organisation and content of education

• Ministers also reaffirmed the need, recalled by students, to take account of the social dimension

Social Dimension within Bologna II

Berlin 2003

 Importance of the social dimension, improving social characteristics of the EHEA, social cohesion, reducing social and gender inequalities

- Student participation
- Appropriate studying and living conditions
 - Need for more comparable data

Social Dimension within Bologna III

Bergen 2005

• Social dimension is a constituent part of the EHEA and a necessary condition for the attractiveness and competitiveness of the EHEA.

- Equally accessible to all
 - Appropriate conditions
- Measures taken by governments to help students (...) in financial and economic aspects (...) with a view to widen access.
- BFUG should present comparable data on mobility and the social and economic situation of students

WG social dimension & mobility

Terms of reference

Define the concept of social dimension

 Present comparable data on the social and economic situation of students

 Present comparable data on the mobility of staff and students

Prepare proposals as a basis for future stocktaking

WG social dimension & mobility II

WG-Members

Schweden, Austria, France, Ireland, Luxemburg, UK later: Bosnia, Croatia, Russia Organisations: EUA, ESIB, EI

Subgroup on data

Austria, France, Switzerland, UK, Luxembourg Data-Provider: Eurostat, Eurostudent, Eurydice, LIS Organisations: EUA, ESIB



Bologna Member states



Definition of social dimension

WG: No common definition and detailed actions

Because: Systems and challenges are too different

Instead:

Overall objective

 Social dimension is the process leading to the objective

> measures according to national priorities and circumstances

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Overall objective

We strive for the societal goal that the student body entering, participating in and completing higher education should reflect the diversity of our population.

We therefore pledge to take action to widen participation at all levels on the basis of equal opportunity.



How to reach the goal ?

Basis

equal opportunities, non-discrimination

Precondition

Nationally defined underrepresented groups

Realisation

 Development of a national strategy incl. action plans and measures

Monitoring, Evaluation

Involvement of student representatives



Possible actions and tools

Topics

equal opportunities

- Widening access and participation
 - Provision of academic services
 - Provision of social services
 - Student participation

• Finances in order to start and complete studies

List of possible actions and a suggested approach for national strategies in the report

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Comparative data

 Hardly any comparative data available, esp. not for all 45 member states esp. not for all subgroups (age, gender, socio-economic background, region)

Available: system descriptions

 Only the students can tell how the systems work and what their results are

→ Surveys are key data

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ESIB 2007



Students' fathers compared to all men of corresponding age groups * with higher education, in %





AT: recruiting quota



Fig. 34: Student employment rate during term







Eurostudent 2005





Tasks of the WG:

- Present comparative data
- Proposal for future stocktaking

All available data refer to the nationality of the students. That is inadequate.

Lack of a suitable definition of mobility.

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Proposal of a definition:

A study period in a country other than that of prior permanent residence or prior education (completed or ongoing) for a period of study or a full degree.

Core barriers:

Immigration (visa, work permit)

Recognition

Funding



Social dimension of mobility

- Hardly any information available
- Studies in several countries show clear impact of the social background on mobility
- Funding is usually mentioned as a main barrier for mobility

Fig. 48: Study-related period abroad by parental education



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Proposed actions

 National Reports by 2009 about abolishment of barriers, promotion of mobility, future monitoring system

 Focus on core challenges: visa, work permit, recognition, incentives for students and institutions

Decrease of social impact on mobility

• Expansion of joint degrees

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Portability of grants for whole study





London 2007

Communiquée contains main issues of the WG

- Rationale
- Overall objective
 - Core issues
- "homework" till 2009

 "We will invite all stakeholders to participate in, and support this work, at the national level."

National "homework" till 2009

- Definition of underrepresented groups
 - Development of a national strategy
 - Development of an action plan (e.g. like Ireland)
 - Development of a monitoring system
 - Survey the students
 - Reduction of barriers for mobility (incoming and outgoing)
- Everything with participation of stakeholders

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Final remark

- Reduction of social inequalities can not be achieved within the HE-sector alone
- Measures at school level are more important
 - But central is pre-schooling



Thank you very much for your attention !

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29



Report of the WG on social dimension and mobility

On the Website of the UK Bologna Secretariat:

http://www.dfes.gov.uk/bologna/uploads/documents/ Socialdimensionandmobilityreport.pdf